Vancouver, B.C.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020



CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of GI (Gastrointestinal) Society / Société GI (Gastro-intestinale):

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of GI (Gastrointestinal) Society / Société GI (Gastro-intestinale), which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2020, and the statements of revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balance and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of GI (Gastrointestinal) Society / Société GI (Gastro-intestinale) as at December 31, 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, GI (Gastrointestinal) Society / Société GI (Gastro-intestinale) derives part of its revenues from donations, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the accounts of GI (Gastrointestinal) Society / Société GI (Gastro-intestinale) and we were not able to determine whether, as at or for the years ended December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, any adjustments might be necessary to donations, excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures, assets and fund balance. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of GI (Gastrointestinal) Society / Société GI (Gastro-intestinale) in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our report of the audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Society's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Society or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Society's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a
 basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
 from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Society's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Society's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Society to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Keith Macdonald.

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

De Visser Gray LLP

Vancouver, BC, Canada April 14, 2021

Statements of Revenues and Expenditures

For the years ended December 31,	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Revenues		
Fundraising		
Corporate and other (Notes 3 and 5)	592,201	618,670
Government grants (Note 3)	18,380	5,000
Individuals	22,795	32,867
Events and projects	· -	174,110
	633,376	830,647
Newsletter subscriptions	14,449	14,357
Other	3,960	1,955
	651,785	846,959
Expenditures – Education and Fundraising		
Education, Schedule 1	514,302	675,120
Fundraising (Note 5)	28,826	82,775
	543,128	757,895
Expenditures - Other		
Governance and administration (Note 5)	97,300	152,239
Premises rental (Note 6)	52,202	54,769
	149,502	207,008
Expenditures - Total	692,630	964,903
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(40,845)	(117,944)

Approved by Directors:

Ron Goetz, Chair

DocuSigned by: Alain Madgin, Treasurer

Statements of Changes in Fund Balance

For the years ended December 31,	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Fund balance, beginning	20,960	138,904
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(40,845)	(117,944)
Fund balance, ending	(19,885)	20,960

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GI (GASTROINTESTINAL) SOCIETY / SOCIÉTÉ GI (GASTRO-INTESTINALE) Balance Sheets

December 31,	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Assets		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	189,188	121,423
Receivables	15,623	9,530
Prepaid expenses	6,958	6,441
	211,769	137,394
Property and equipment, Schedule 2	20,826	27,437
	232,595	164,831
Liabilities, Deferred Contributions and Fund Balance Current	20.606	22.040
Payables and accruals	20,606	22,848
Current portion of capital lease obligation (Note 2)	3,638	3,514
	24,244	26,362
Capital lease obligation (Note 2)	3,771	7,409
Deferred revenue contributions (Note 3)	224,465	110,100
	252,480	143,871
Fund Balance		
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Unrestricted funds	(19,885)	20,960

GI (GASTROINTESTINAL) SOCIETY / SOCIÉTÉ GI (GASTRO-INTESTINALE) Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31,	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Cash flows related to operating activities		
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(40,845)	(117,944)
Adjustment for items not affecting cash:		
Amortization	6,611	7,244
	(34,234)	(110,700)
Net change in deferred revenue contributions	114,365	(79,850)
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Receivables	(6,093)	83,364
Prepaid expenses	(517)	(3,564)
Payables and accruals	(2,242)	2,413
·	71,279	(108,337)
Cash flows related to investing activity		
Purchases of property and equipment	-	(1,283)
Cash flows related to financing activity		
Payment of capital lease obligation	(3,514)	(3,393)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	67,765	(113,013)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	121,423	234,436
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	189,188	121,423

Notes to Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

The GI (Gastrointestinal) Society / Société GI (Gastro-intestinale) (the "Society") is a not-for-profit organization without share capital incorporated under the laws of Canada. The Society was previously incorporated under the *Canada Corporations Act, Part II* and was continued under the *Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act* in August 2014. The society is a registered charity under the *Income Tax Act (Canada)* and is, therefore, exempt from income taxes.

The Society provides information to patients, the public, and medical professionals on gastrointestinal ("GI") diseases and disorders. The Society raises funds to support ongoing research in the GI field and issues grants to researchers in Canada, when funding permits.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on deposit and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Society did not have any cash equivalents.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated annually as follows:

Office equipment under capital lease

- straight-line over the term of the lease

Computer equipment

- 30% declining balance

Leasehold improvements

- straight-line over the term of the lease plus one renewal term

Office furniture Computer software - 20% declining balance- 100% declining balance

except in the year of acquisition, at which time amortization is provided for at one-half the annual rate.

Revenue Recognition

The Society follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which includes donations and government grants. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Contributions externally restricted for purposes other than endowment are deferred and recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Donation pledges are not recorded since they are not legally enforceable claims. Event fees are recognized as revenue when the event is held. Ticket and raffle sales revenue is recognized at the point of sale. Member fees and newsletter subscriptions are recognized as revenue in the year that the fees or subscriptions relate to. Expense recoveries are recorded in the year in which the related expenditures are incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Contributed Materials and Services

Contributed materials are recorded as revenue at their fair value at the time the materials are donated if their fair value can be reasonably estimated, the materials are used in the normal course of the operations and would otherwise have been purchased by the Society. During the year, the Society did not record any contributed materials.

Contributed services from the efforts of volunteer workers are not recorded in the financial statements as no objective basis is available to measure the estimated fair value of such services. However, a substantial number of volunteers have donated significant amounts of their time to the Society.

Financial Instruments

Measurement of financial instruments

The Society measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value at the acquisition date. Transaction costs related to the acquisition of financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value are recognized in excess or deficiency of revenues over expenditures when incurred. The carrying amounts of financial instruments not subsequently measured at fair value are adjusted by the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the instrument.

The Society subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are assessed for indications of impairment at the end of each reporting period. When impairment is identified, the amount of the write-down is recognized as an impairment loss in excess or deficiency of revenues over expenditures. Previously recognized impairment losses are reversed when the extent of the impairment decreases, provided that the adjusted carrying amount is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in excess or deficiency of revenues over expenditures.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

2. CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION

During 2018, the Society terminated its previous capital lease and entered into a new capital lease for office equipment which bears interest at 3.52% per annum and expires in February 2023. In relation to the new lease, the Society recorded interest expense, included in governance and administration expenditures, of \$338 (2019: \$459).

	December 31,	December 31,
	2020	2019
		\$
Total minimum lease payments	7,706	11,558
Less: Amount representing interest	(297)	(635)
Balance of obligation	7,409	10,923
Less: Current portion	(3,638)	(3,514)
	3,771	7,409

3. DEFERRED REVENUE CONTRIBUTIONS

Deferred revenue contributions represent unspent externally restricted grants and donations. The change in the deferred revenue contributions balance was as follows:

	December 31, 2019 \$	Grants received during the year	Recognized as revenue	December 31, 2020 \$
Corporate	110,100	568,625	535,880	142,845
Government	-	100,000	18,380	81,620
	110,100	668,625	554,260	224,465

Deferred revenue contributions consist of \$ 224,465 (2019: \$110,100) for education expenditures.

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Items that meet the definition of a financial instrument include cash and cash equivalents, receivables (excluding GST), payables and accruals, and capital lease obligation. It is management's opinion that the Society is not exposed to significant market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk) arising from its financial instruments.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Society is exposed to liquidity risk in respect of its payables and accruals and capital lease obligation.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Society is exposed to credit risk in respect of its cash and cash equivalents and receivables (excluding GST).

Notes to Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

5. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Canadian Society of Intestinal Research

The Society has the ability to exercise significant influence over Canadian Society of Intestinal Research ("CSIR") as a result of having certain management and directors in common. CSIR provides information to patients, the public and medical professionals on gastrointestinal diseases and disorders. CSIR raises funds to support ongoing research in the gastrointestinal field and issues grants to researchers at the University of British Columbia and its teaching hospitals, when funding permits. The purposes of the Society and CSIR are generally the same except that CSIR has a narrower, British Columbia focused scope for research granting. CSIR was incorporated under the laws of British Columbia in 1976 and is a registered charity under the *Income Tax Act*.

During the year, the Society recorded recoveries of expenditures from CSIR as follows: \$52,153 (2019: \$32,734) for education and \$3,552 (2019: \$2,669) for governance and administration (Schedule 1).

During 2020, CSIR gifted \$15,000 (2019: \$15,000) to the Society toward the preparation of a medical journal article on irritable bowel syndrome and a survey on obesity (2019: to host a BadGut® Lecture in British Columbia on Pharmacare's Biosimilar Switching Policy to ensure that the event had no Pharma funding).

6. COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCY

On June 14, 2018, the Society and CSIR jointly entered into a new agreement to lease space for their shared premises, commencing on August 1, 2018 and expiring on July 31, 2023. The annual base rent, exclusive of operating costs, is as follows:

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2021	31,373
2022	32,560
2023	18,993
	82,926

The Society and CSIR have agreed that CSIR will be responsible for 10% of the total occupancy costs and CSIR pays its share of the occupancy costs directly to the Landlord.

The Society has a credit card with a credit limit of \$15,000. As at December 31, 2020, the available credit was approximately \$14,800.

7. COVID-19 PANDEMIC

The spread of the SARS-CoV-2 virus has severely impacted economies around the globe, so that in countries, including Canada, organizations and businesses are ceasing or limiting operations for long or indefinite periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of non-essential services have triggered significant disruptions to organizations worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown.

The Society put in place a COVID-19 plan to protect employees and volunteers, which the CEO updates as public health guidelines change. During 2020, the Society closed its office for several months as staff worked from home and, when open, fewer individuals have been in place. Because of the pandemic, the Society cancelled fundraising and educational events and it expects an ongoing decrease in donations and sponsorships. Funding is down significantly, both from corporate and individual sources. While the Society has mitigated expenses to adapt, there is uncertainty around its ability to fundraise at previous levels in the future.

Education Expenditures

For the year ended December 31, 2020

		SCHEDULE 1
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
BadGut® Lectures (1)	142,796	182,509
Inside Tract® Newsletter	119,799	113,500
Patient information pamphlets	107,062	85,932
badgut.org mauxdeventre.org websites	85,628	78,536
Community outreach	114,250	192,790
General education	272	57,256
	569,807	710,523
Recoveries of expenditures (Note 5)		/ n
- personnel	(52,153)	(32,734)
- travel and other	(3,352)	(2,669)
	514,302	675,120

⁽¹⁾ For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Society had received \$105,000 in funding for BadGut® Lectures. With public lectures no longer permitted as a result of the COVID-19 Pandemic, the Society received permission from the sponsors to repurpose the funds for a new initiative. The Society produced a four-video series about living with inflammatory bowel disease and released it in November 2020 for IBD Awareness month.

Property and Equipment

For the year ended December 31, 2020

		Accumulated	Net Carrying	SCHEDULE 2 Current
	Cost	Amortization	Value	Amortization
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Office equipment under capital lease				
Balance, December 31, 2019	17,592	5,277	12,315	
Amortization	-	3,519	(3,519)	3,519
Balance, December 31, 2020	17,592	8,796	8,796	
Computer equipment				
Balance, December 31, 2019	18,035	11,832	6,203	
Amortization	-	1,861	(1,861)	1,861
Balance, December 31, 2020	18,035	13,693	4,342	
Leasehold improvements				
Balance, December 31, 2019	7,890	1,184	6,706	
Amortization	-	789	(789)	789
Balance, December 31, 2020	7,890	1,973	5,917	
Office furniture				
Balance, December 31, 2019	5,340	3,127	2,213	
Amortization	-	442	(442)	442
Balance, December 31, 2020	5,340	3,569	1,771	
Totals	48,857	28,031	20,826	6,611